



RBR Webinar Series

RBRquartz³ BPR | zero: a “zero” drift bottom pressure recorder

Pressure gauges

Piezo-resistive

Economical

Moderate accuracy

Moderate resolution

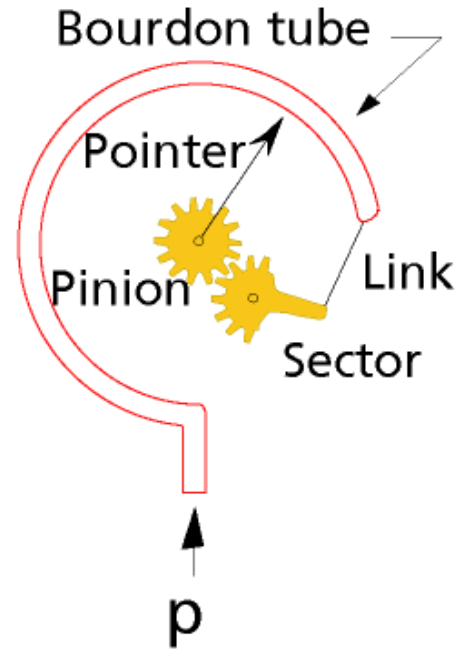
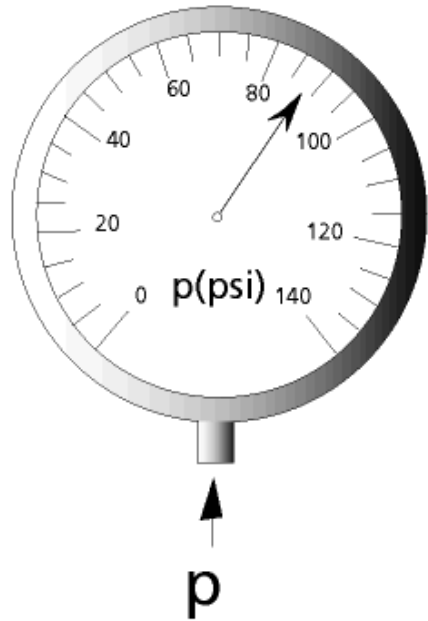
Quartz resonators

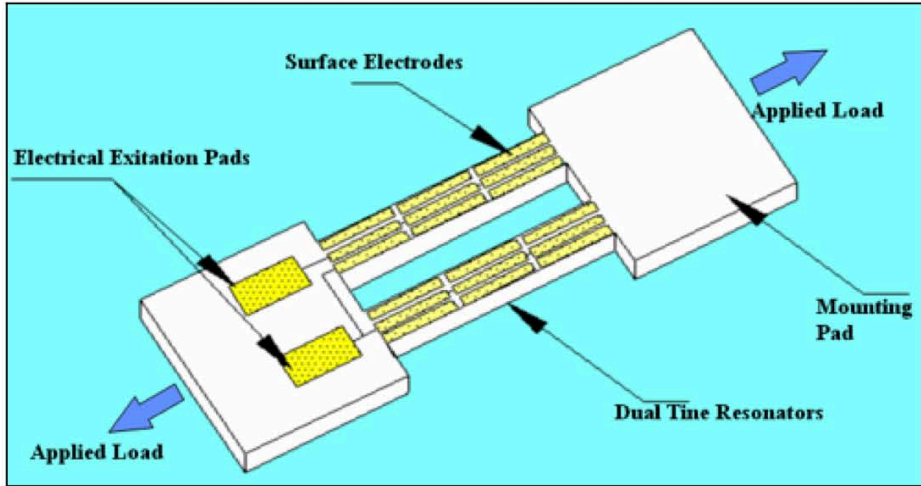
Not economical

High accuracy

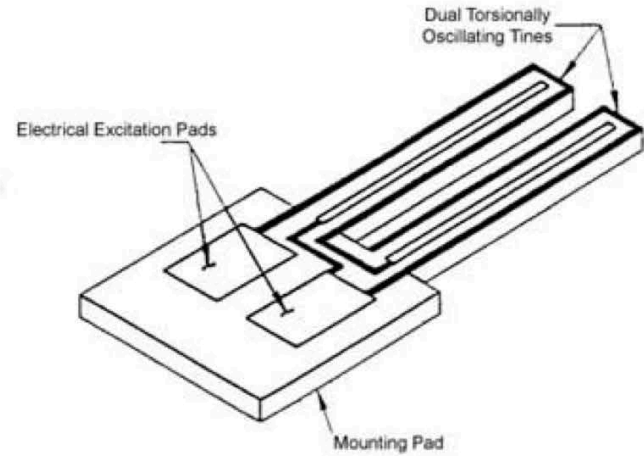
Resolution a function of integration time

Bourdon tube – accurate high pressure measurements



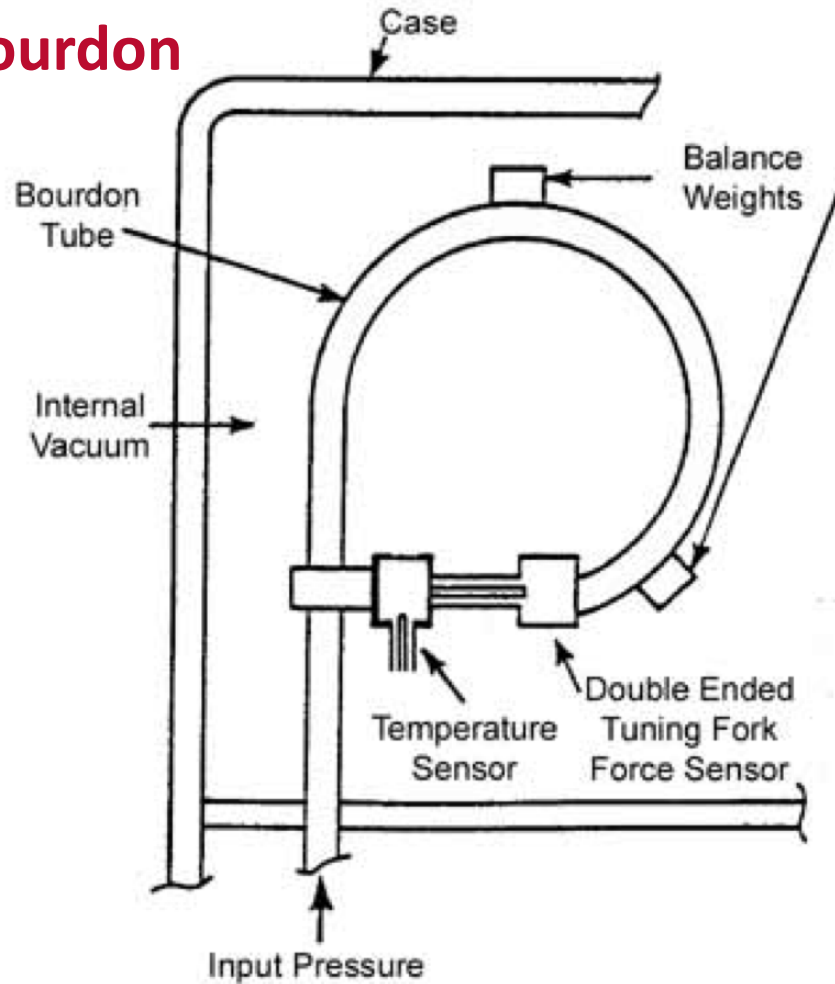


Force-Sensing Quartz Crystal



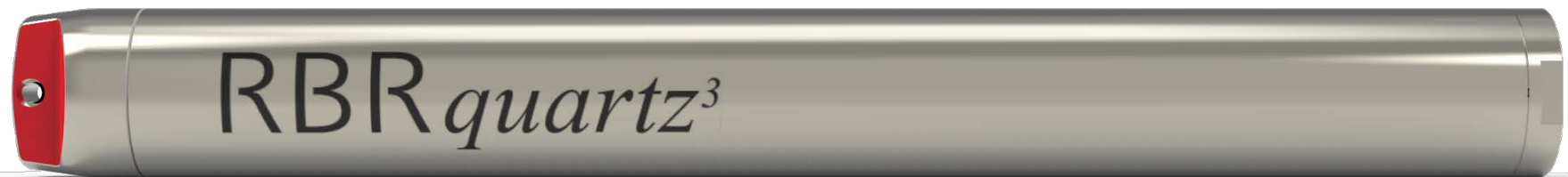
Temperature-Sensing Quartz Crystal

Paros quartz-bourdon

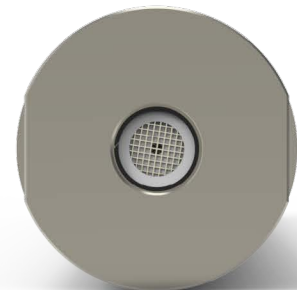


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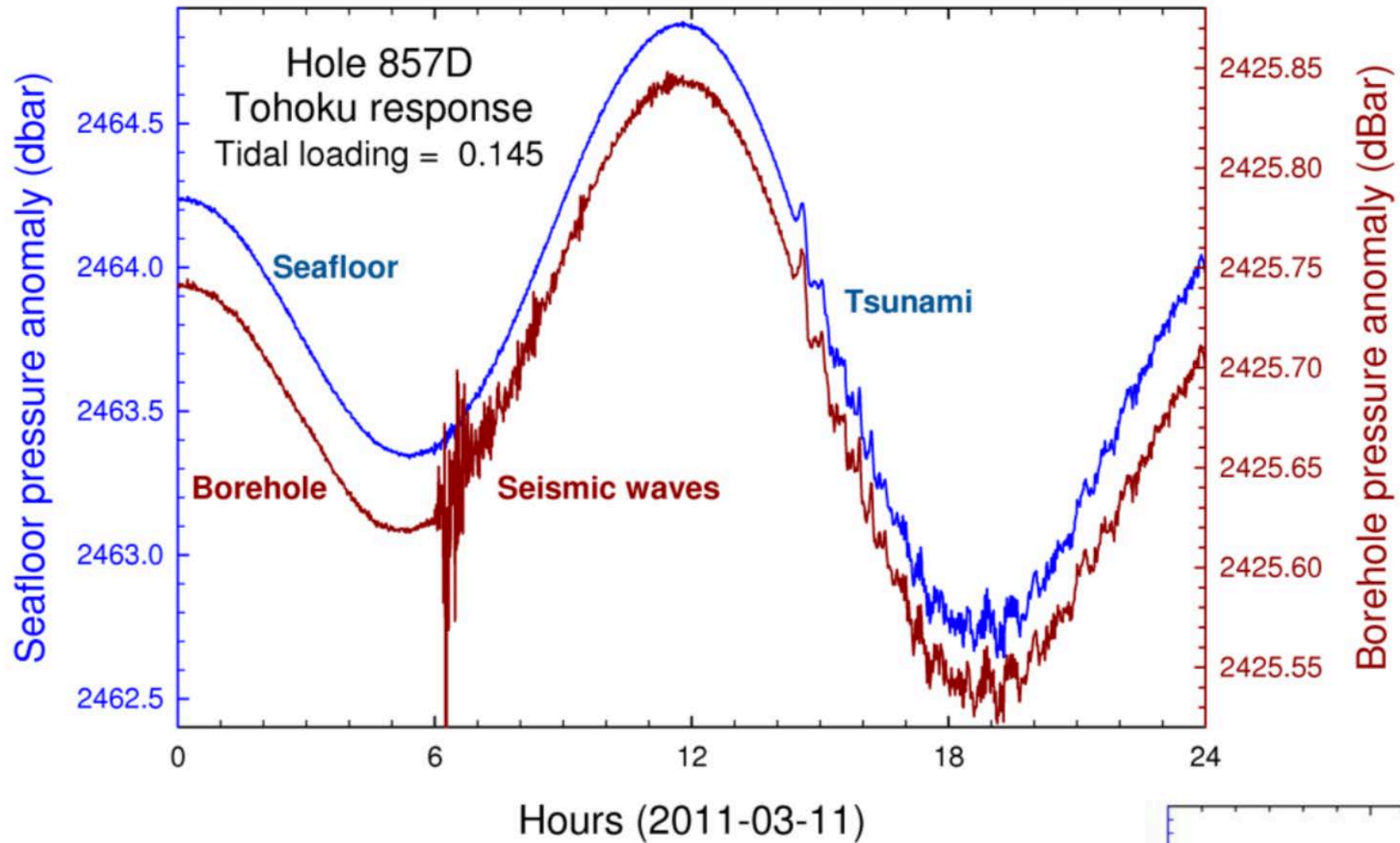
Pressure and temperature frequency counter
10ppb resolution (1s sampling period)

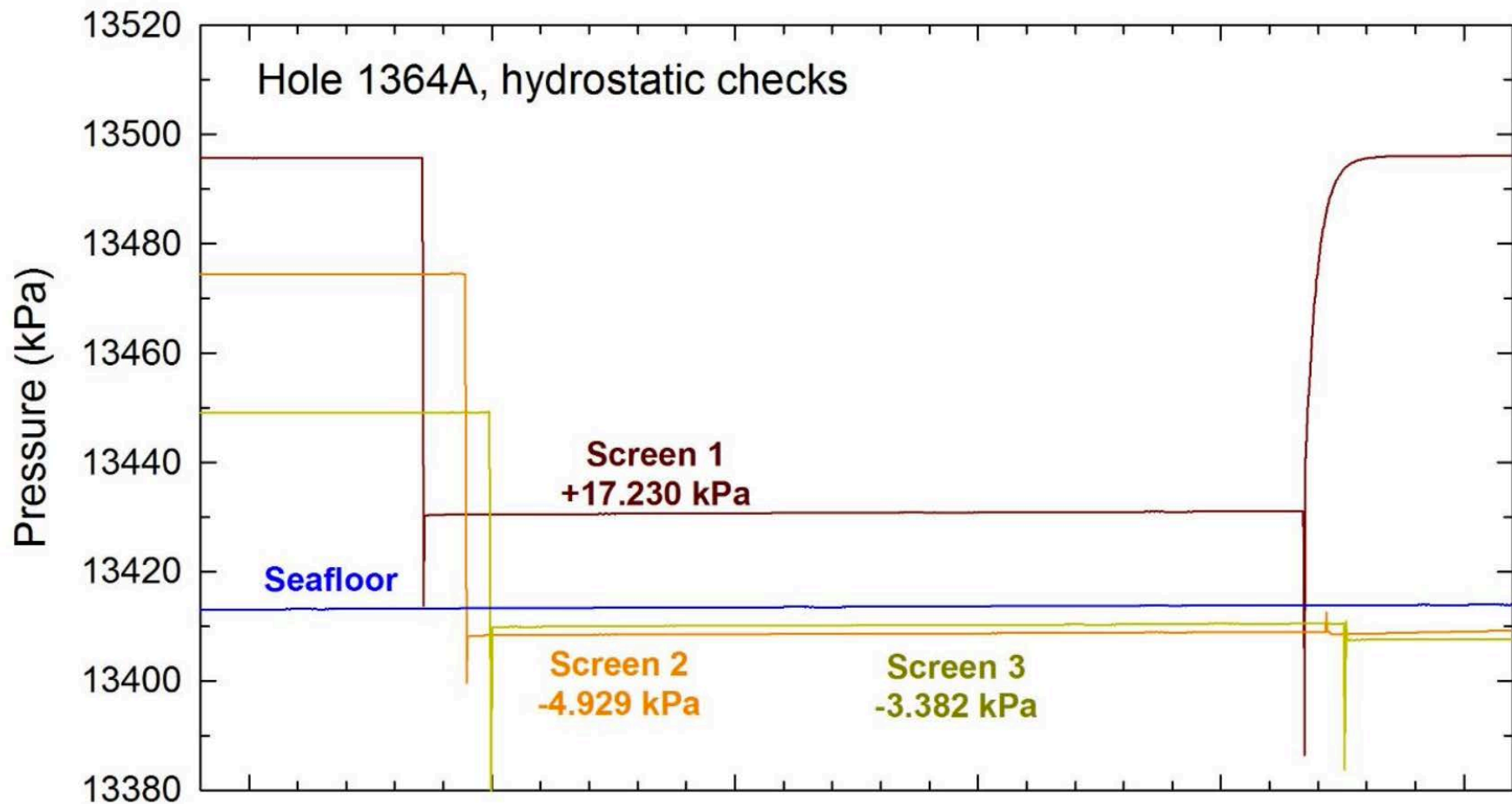


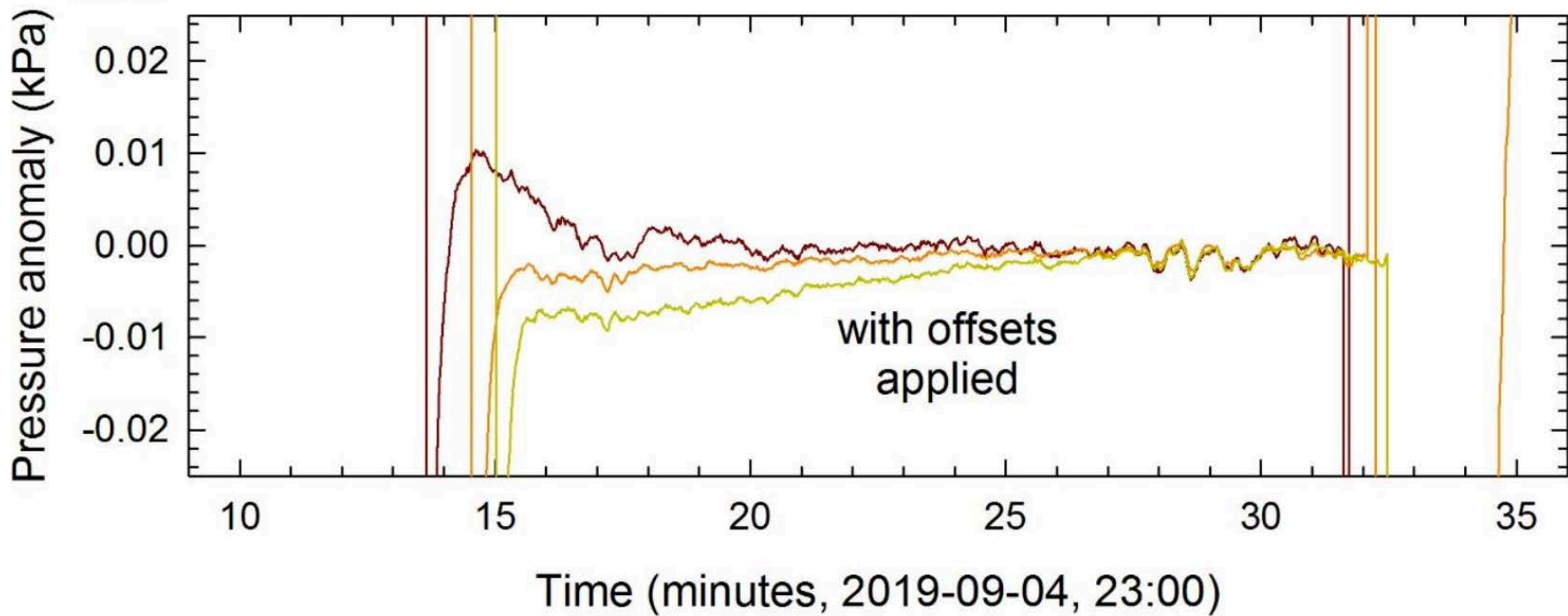
0.01%FS accuracy
Ratings up to 7000dbar
Ø60 x 540mm



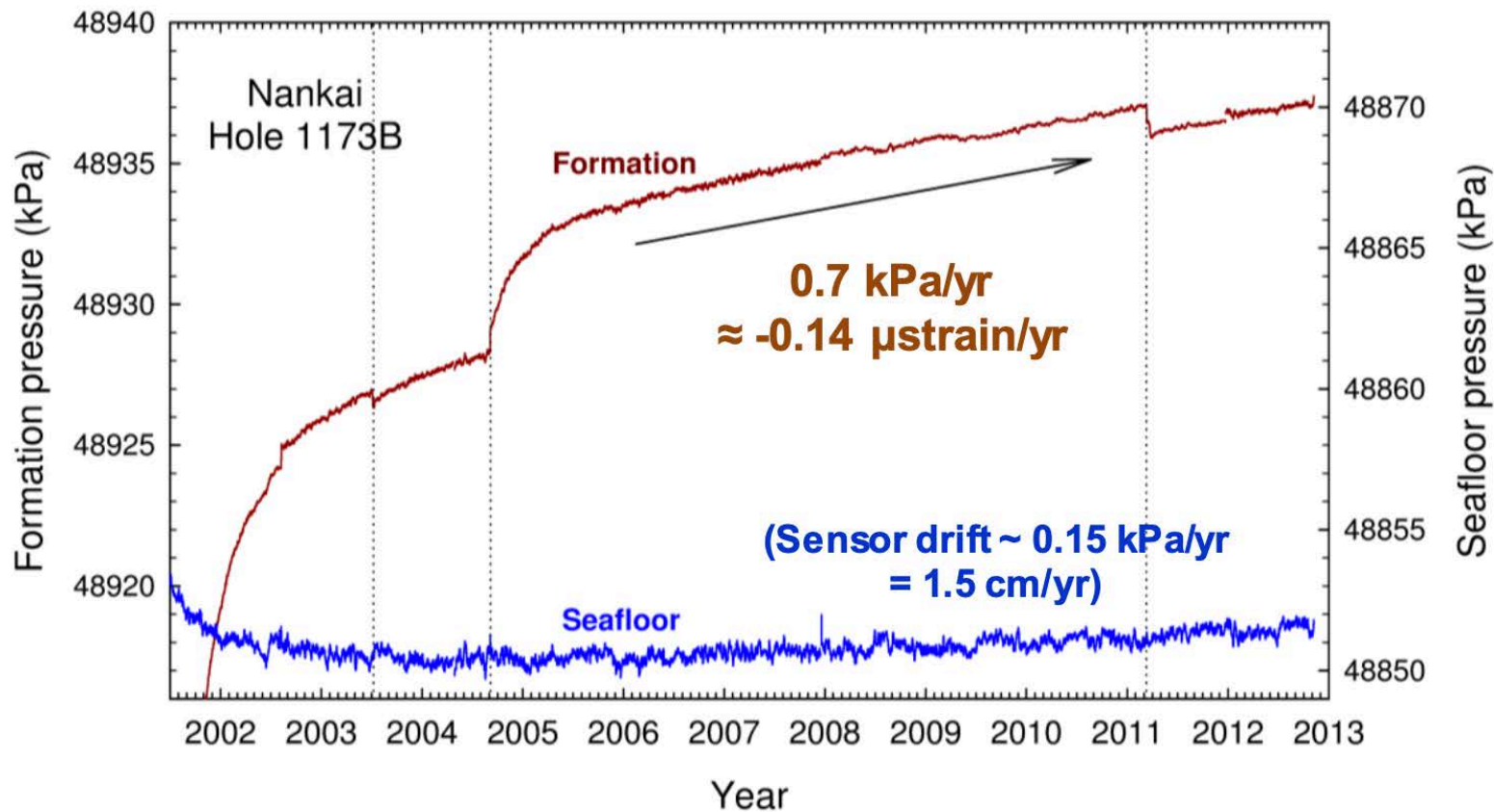
RBR

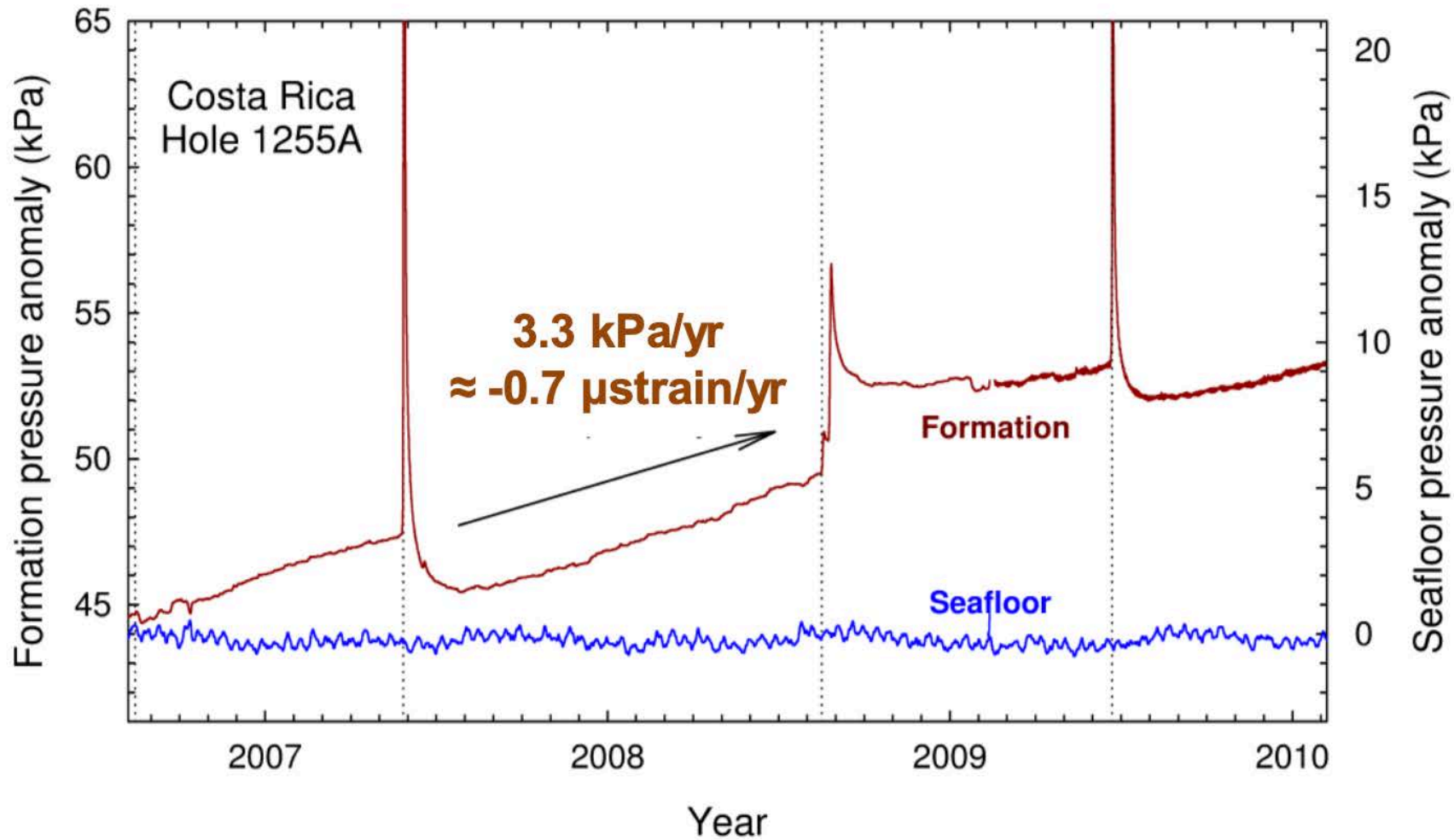




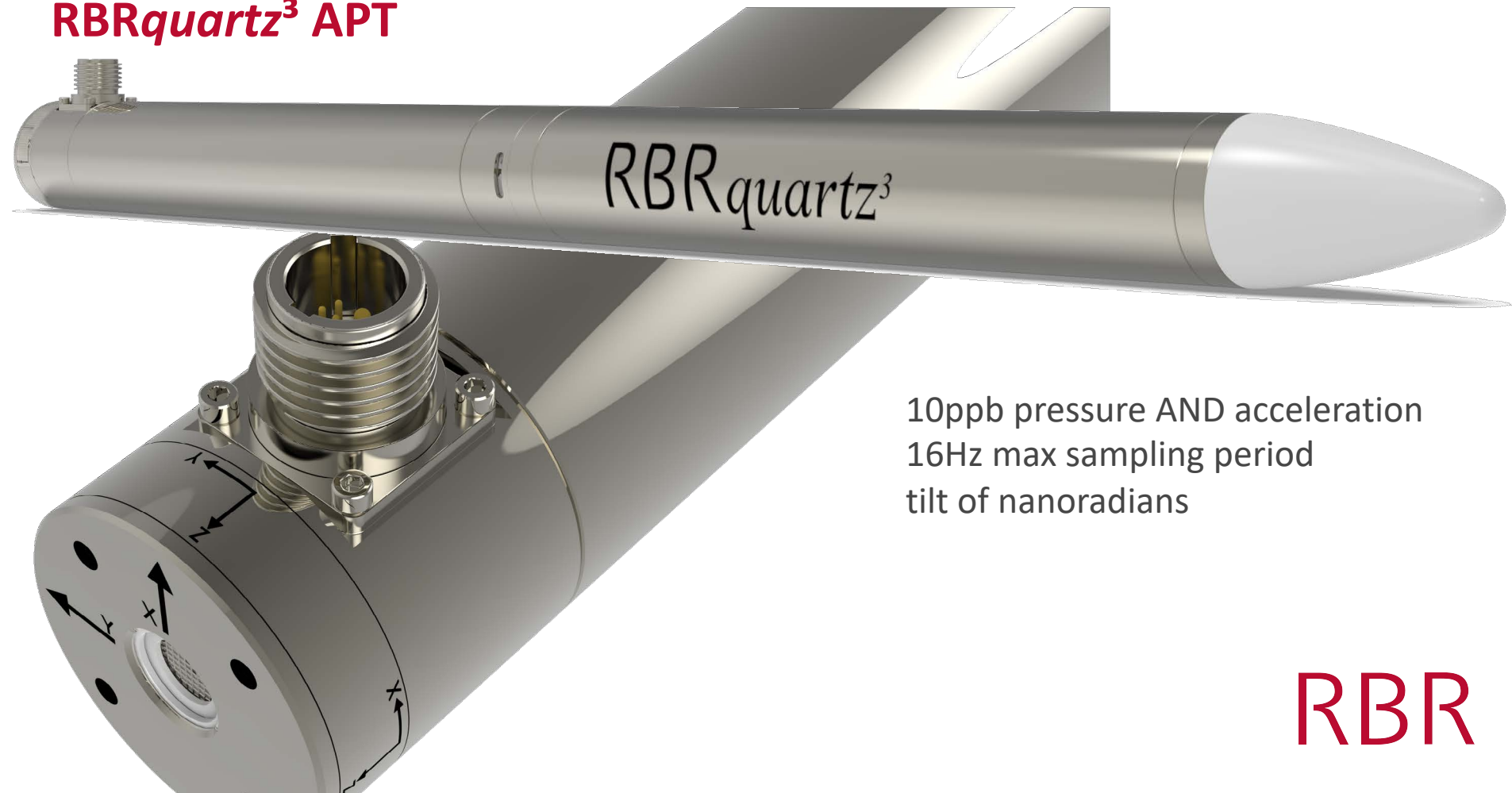


Secular strain accumulation and discrete slip events observable in hydrologically isolated formations





RBRquartz³ APT

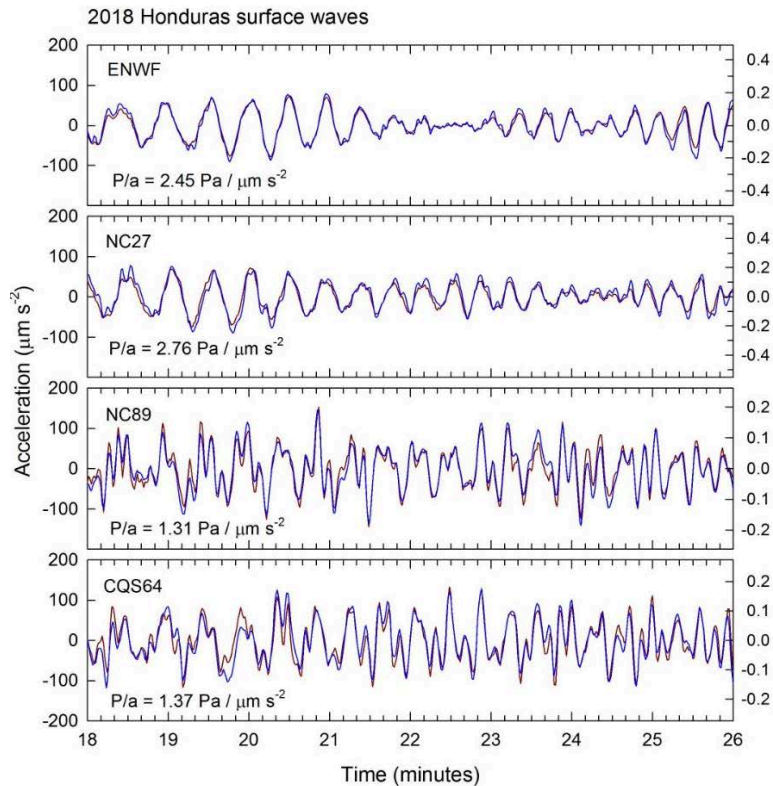


10ppb pressure AND acceleration
16Hz max sampling period
tilt of nanoradians

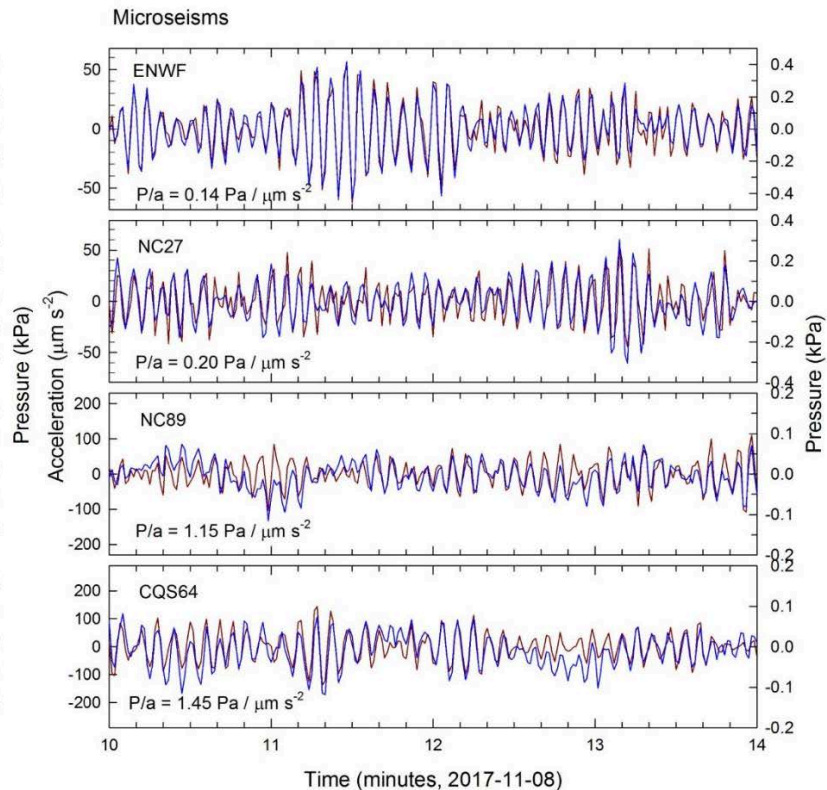
RBR

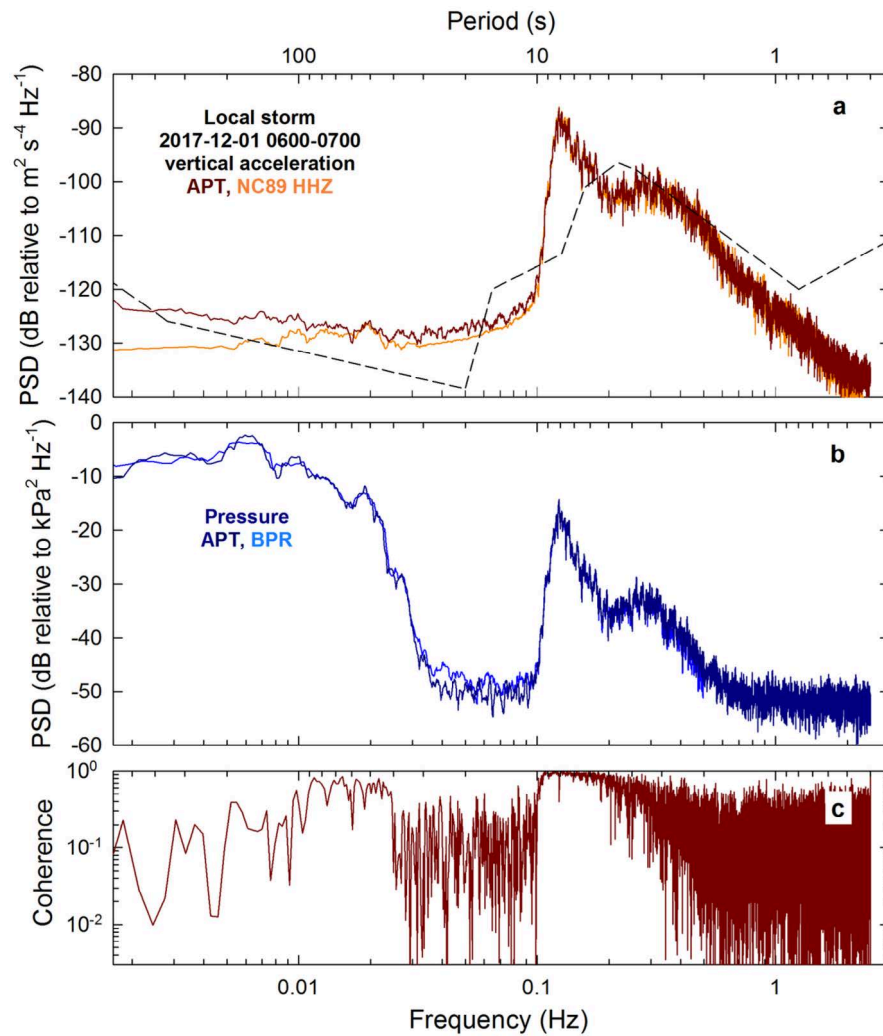
Relationships between pressure and ground motion

Seismic waves:
Pressure driven by acceleration



Microseisms (at their source):
Acceleration driven by pressure





▼ **Figure 7** | Comparison of spectra of acceleration (a) and pressure variations (b) calculated for a 1-hour segment of data spanning the records shown in Figure 6. Upper and lower background spectra of Peterson (1993) are shown as dashed lines. Correlation between APT acceleration and pressure seen in Figure 5 is confirmed by coherence between acceleration and pressure near unity within microseismic and infragravity bands (c).

How to correct drift?

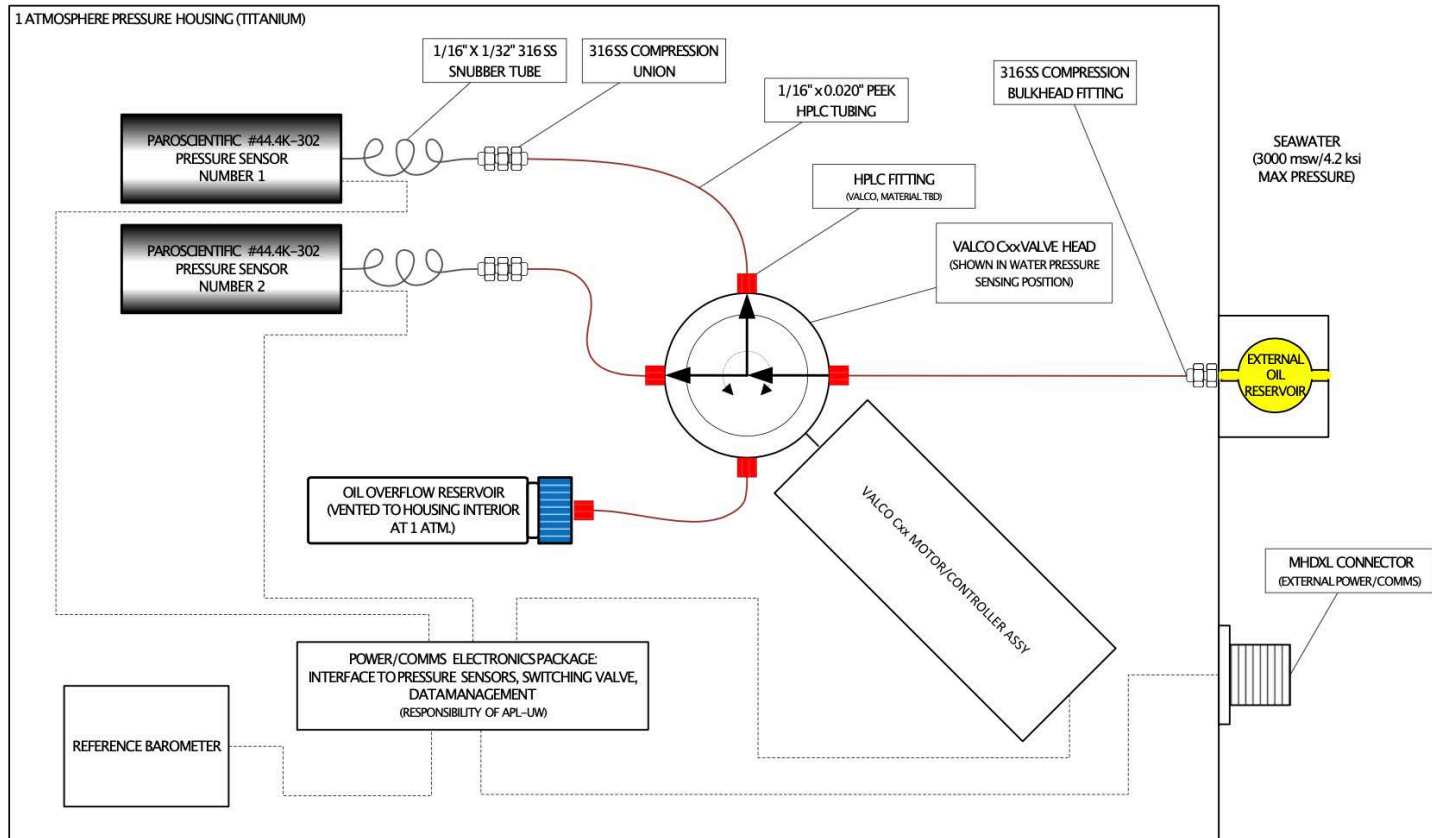
- Looking for signals in sea level rise OR geodesy of mm/year
- BUT drift is cm/year

- Drift is pure offset
- Reference measurement can be made at any pressure

- Earl Davis made seafloor comparisons (~10-100dbar delta) for relative alignment
- Glenn Sasagawa put a dead weight tester on the bottom (~0dbar delta)

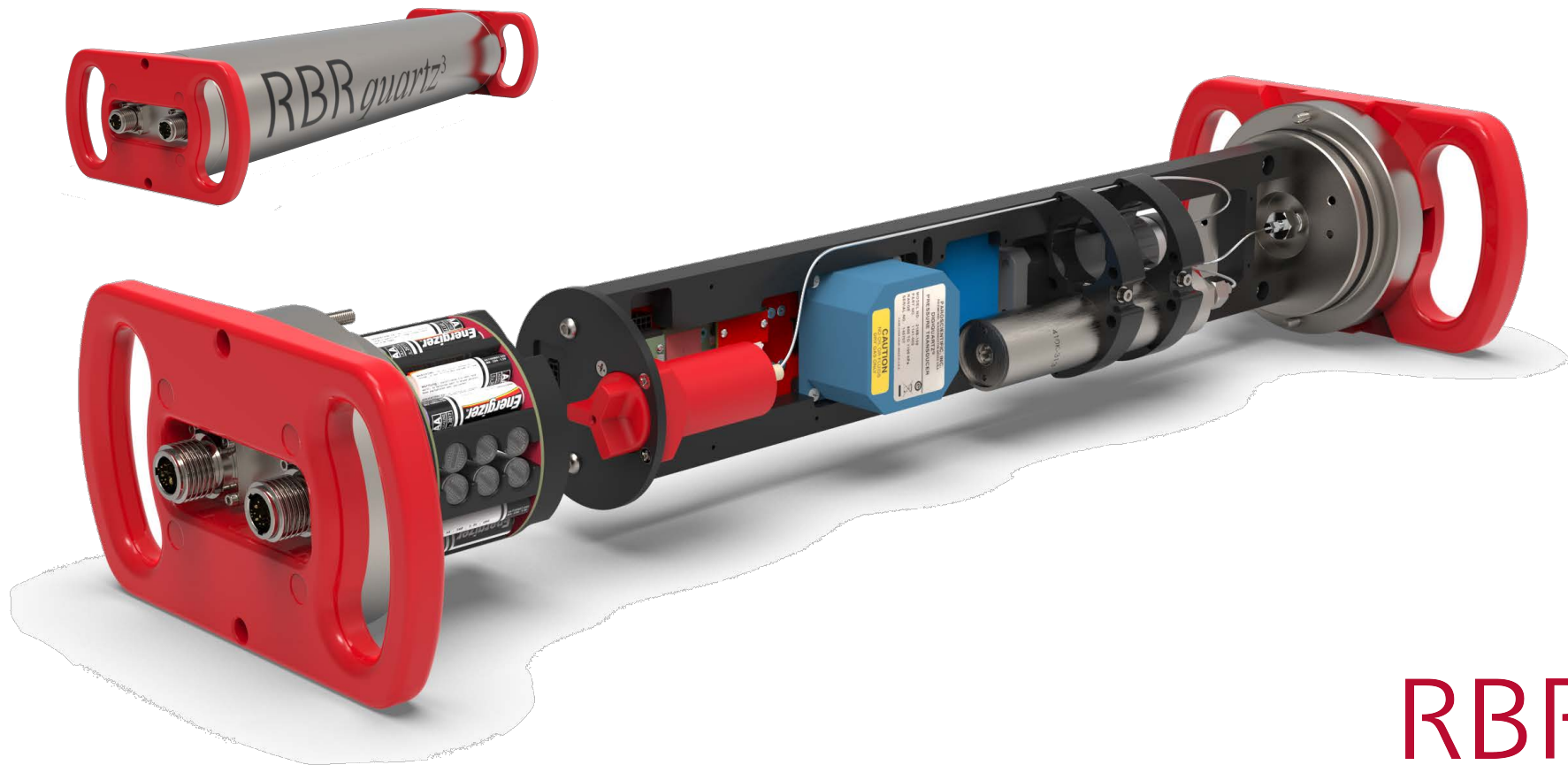
- A-0-A – use “zero” as the reference. Atmospheric pressure inside the instrument.
- Quartz drift is a function of full scale – so use a barometer (full scale = 11dbar)

- Need to switch thousands of dbar from marine to ‘atmospheric’ reference



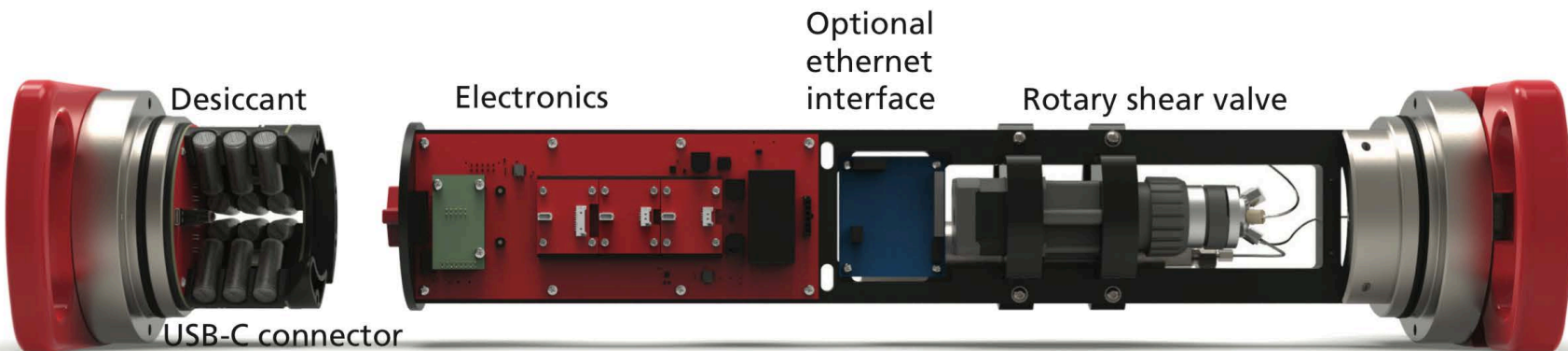
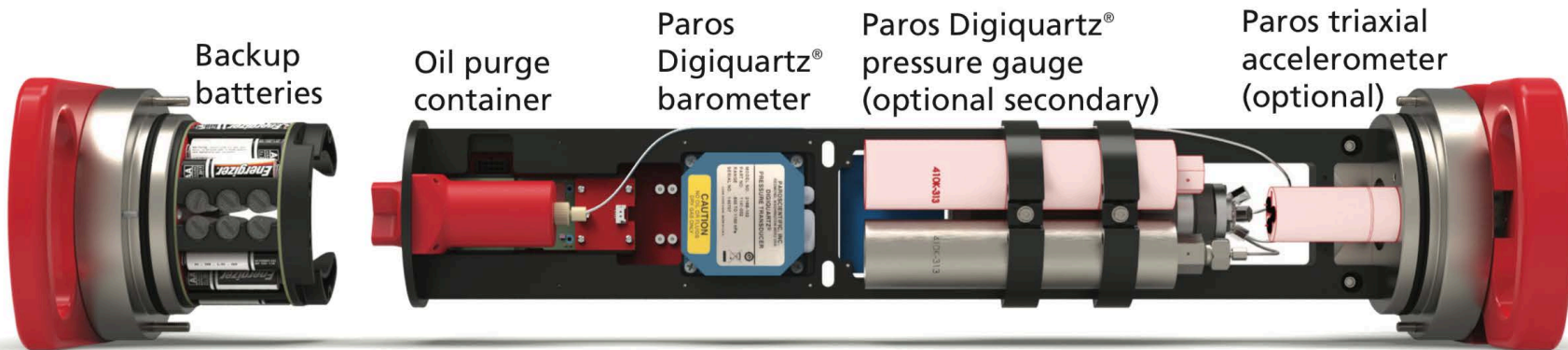
Schematic diagram of the A-0-A instrument deployed at Axial Seamount on the OOI Cabled Array.

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Explore the RBR*quartz*³ BPR | zero

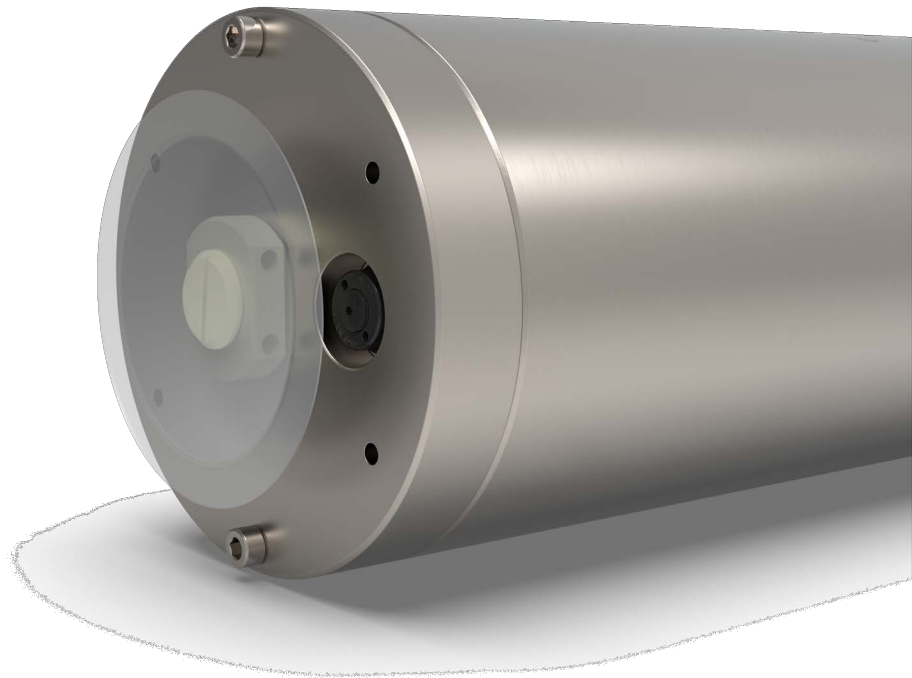
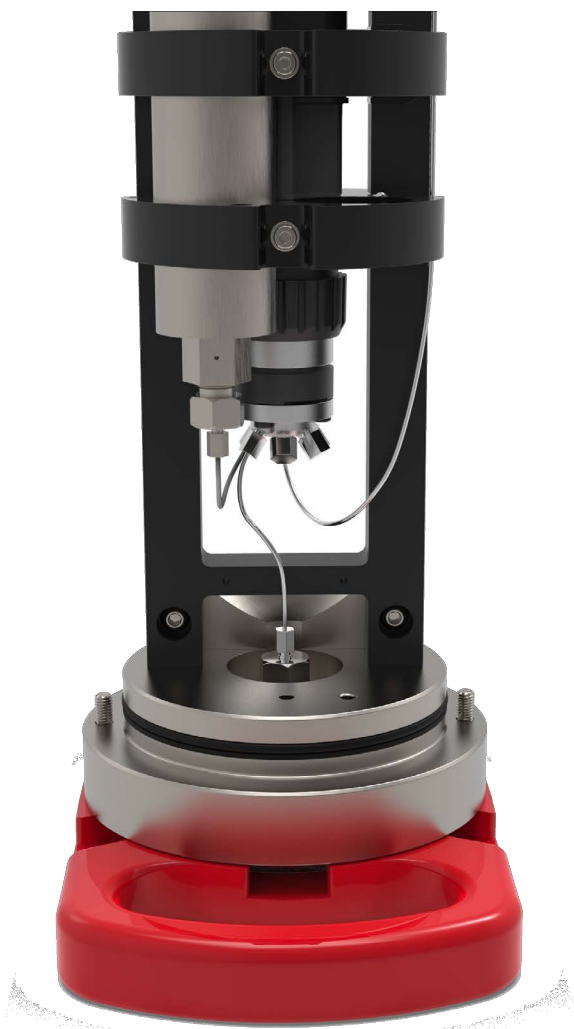


RBR*quartz*³ BPR | zero

- Medium size instrument – ø140 x 700mm
 - Titanium housing
 - Pressure ranges to max of 7000m
 - 10ppb resolution – 10µm in 1km water
-
- RBR*fermata* – pure power
 - RBR*cervata* – power and storage
 - ROV example of ‘sneakernet’



RBR



RBR

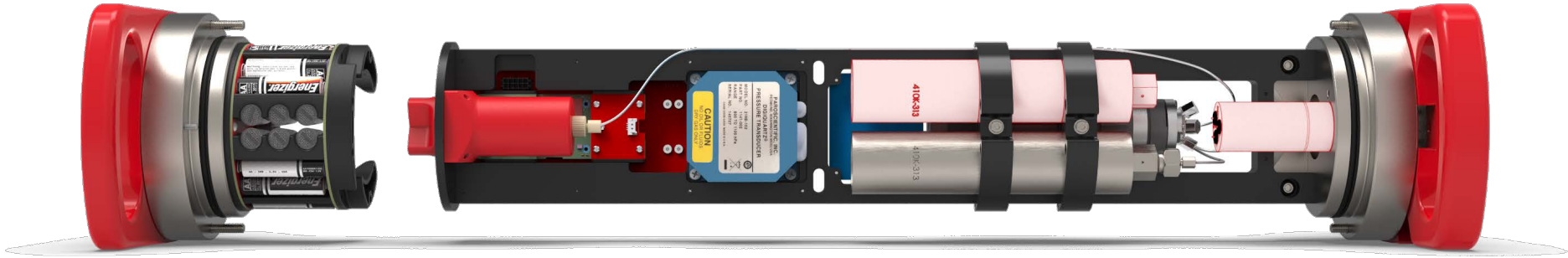
All the RBR standards

- USB-C internal connection
- RS-232
- RS-485
- Ethernet

- Observatory connector options (MINK)

- External power packs (RBR*fermata*)
- External power and download packs (RBR*cervata*)

Many thanks to...



- Earl Davis, Bob Meldrum, Martin Heeseman, Joe Farrugia, John Dorocicz, John Bennest
- William Wilcock, Dana Manalang, Geoff Cram, Mike Harrington
- Jerry Paros, Paul Miglacio
- RBR BPR Team

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Thank You

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